

CITY FACT SHEET





California: 38.3 million

California has 480 cities, including the City and County of San Francisco.

Population (1/1/09, Dept. of Finance)

Largest (% of state population)		Smallest:		Fastest Growing 2008-09	
Los Angeles	4.1 million (10.6%)	Vernon	95	Sand City	+4.7%
San Diego	1.4 million (3.5%)	Amador	209	Albany	+4.5%
San Jose	1.0 million (2.6%)	Trinidad	311	Calipatria	+4.5%

Cities in Counties

82.7% of California residents live in cities

The most cities		The fewest cities		The highest % of county population in cities		
Los Angeles	88	Alpine	0	San Francisco	100%	
Orange	34	Mariposa	0	Orange	96%	
Riverside	26	Trinity	0	Santa Clara & Solano	95%	

Recent Incorporations (Since 1997, post revenue-neutrality)

City	Effective Date	Pop. at Incorporation
Menifee (Riverside Co.)	10/1/2008	67,705
Wildomar (Riverside Co.)	7/7/2008	31,321
Rancho Cordova (Sacramento Co.)	7/1/2003	54,627
Goleta (Santa Barbara Co.)	2/1/2002	47,106
Aliso Viejo (Orange Co.)	7/1/2001	40,166
Elk Grove (Sacramento Co.)	7/1/2000	72,687
Rancho Santa Margarita (Orange Co.)	1/1/2000	48,336
Oakley (Contra Costa Co.)	7/1/1999	26,217
Laguna Woods (Orange Co.)	3/24/1999	16,725
Citrus Heights (Sacramento Co.)	1/1/1997	86,794

Governance - Most city councils have five or seven elected members.

Charter cities may have more. **General law cities rely on state law** for their powers and responsibilities. Many use the council-manager form of government. **Charter cities run under locally adopted charters** that control their powers and structures. Several use the strong mayor form of government. There are 114 charter cities and 366 general law cities.

Services - Whether living in general law or charter cities, city residents receive a variety of municipal services including police and fire protection, libraries, parks and recreation, road maintenance, public transit, street trees, lighting and landscaping, water, sewers, planning and development. "Full service" cities provide these services themselves. "Partial service" and "contract" cities rely on special districts and counties to provide many of these services to their residents.

City Fact Sheet Continued

-- Senate Local Government Committee, August 2009 --

2006-07 City Revenues and Expenditures

(excluding San Francisco; source: State Controller)

<u>Total city revenues = \$55 billion</u>

Service charges = \$19.9 billion (e.g. electric, water, sewer fees)

Property taxes = \$4.3 billion

Sales taxes = \$3.8 billion

Other taxes = \$ 11.1 billion

Federal and state transfers = \$4.4 billion

Other revenues = \$11.5 billion

Service charges 36.2%

Property taxes
7.8%
Sales taxes
7.0%
Other taxes

20.2%

Fed. & state transfers 8.0% Other revenues 20.9%

Total city expenditures = \$52.4 billion

Public safety = \$ 13.8 billion (e.g. police, fire, street lighting)

Public utilities = \$ 9.8 billion (e.g. electric, water)

Transportation = \$ 8.6 billion (e.g. streets and highways, airports)

Waste disposal = \$ 4.9 billion (e.g. garbage and sewers)

Community development = \$ 4.9 billion (e.g. planning and housing)

Other expenditures = \$10.4 billion

Public safety 26.3%

Public utilities 18.7%

Transportation 16.3%

Waste disposal 9.3% Community devel. 9.3%

Other expenditures 20.1%